101 學年度國中基本學力測驗 英語領域 解析:張思潔、陳怡安老師

第一部分:下列各題(題號1~20),請依據題意選出一個正確或最佳的答案。

- Look at the picture. The man is looking for money but does not notice that it is in the top _____.
 - (A) bag
 - (B) case
 - (C) vase
 - (D) drawer

答案:(D)

- 翻譯:看看這張圖片。這個男人正在找錢,但是卻沒有注意到錢在最上面的抽屜。 (A)包包 (B)箱子;盒子 (C)花瓶 (D)抽屜
- 解析:圖中可以看到這個男人正在翻箱倒櫃找錢,他是在抽屜裡找東西,而最上面的那個抽屜裡有錢,所以答案要選(D) drawer。
- 2. The traffic light turned red when I was going to cross the road. But I didn't _____ and was almost hit by a motorcycle.
 - (A) fall (B) hide
 - (C) stop (D) turn
- 答案:(C)
- 翻譯:紅綠燈在我要過馬路的時候變成紅燈。但是我沒有停而且差點被一台摩托 車撞到。
 - (A)掉落 (B)隱藏 (C)停下 (D)轉向
- 解析: 句中是過馬路的情境, 紅燈應該是要停下來, 句中寫差點被摩托車撞到所 以應該是沒有停下來, 所以答案要選(C) stop。
- 3. I planned to fly to Hong Kong today. But when I got to the _____, I found it was closed because of the heavy rain.
 - (A) airport (B) bridge
 - (C) bus stop (D) train station
- 答案:(A)
- 翻譯:我計畫今天要飛去香港。但是當我到達機場時,我發現它因為下大雨關閉 了。
 - (A)機場 (B)橋 (C)公車站 (D)火車站
- 解析: "fly to" 是搭飛機去某地的意思,飛機要到機場去搭,所以答案要選 (A) airport。



- 4. _____ in the daytime is not good for you. You may not sleep well at night and feel tired the next day.
 - (A) Slept (B) Sleeps
 - (C) Have slept (D) Sleeping
- 答案:(D)
- 翻譯:白天睡覺對你不好,你在晚上可能會睡不好,而且隔天也會覺得累。
- 解析:本題考的是「動詞變化」,主詞是"Sleeping in the day time",白天睡覺是 一件事情,此為動名詞當主詞,所以答案要選(D) Sleeping。
- 5. Melody has a great interest in planting flowers, but her sister _____. She can't even stay in the garden for one minute.
 - (A) can't (B) doesn't
 - (C) isn't (D) won't
- 答案:(B)
- 翻譯: Melody 在種花上有很大的興趣,但是她的妹妹沒有。她甚至連一分鐘都無法待在花園裡。
- 解析:本題考的是「時態」,從"Melody has"得知是現在簡單式,所以要先刪除 (A) can't 和(D) won't(未來式),又因為前句有動詞"has",所以要選擇代 替前面動詞的助動詞 doesn't,因此答案要選(B) doesn't。
- 6. John has finished his studies at music school. Now with his good _____ of music, he can teach at school.
 - (A) future (B) habit
 - (C) knowledge (D) language
- 答案:(C)
- 翻譯: John 已經完成他在音樂學校的課業。現在因為他對於音樂具備淵博的知識, 他可以在學校教書。
 - (A)未來 (B)習慣 (C)知識 (D)語言
- 解析:因為他在音樂學校唸書,又可以在學校教書,所以需要具備音樂的知識才 能勝任,因此答案選(C) knowledge。

- 7. I _____ a bath when someone turned off the light. I was scared and shouted for help.
 - (A) was taking (B) took
 - (C) am taking (D) had taken
- 答案:(A)
- 翻譯:當我正在洗澡時,有人關閉電燈。我很害怕並且大叫尋求幫助。
- 解析:本題是考「時態」,整體情境在描述「過去」發生的一件事,句中也有關 鍵字"turned"、"was"、"shouted"表明了這是在「過去」發生的一件事情, 且句中要表達的是「我正在洗澡的這一個持續動作」,所以要用過去進行 式(A) was taking。
- 8. At the end of the baseball game, all the players _____ the fans to thank them for coming to the game.
 - (A) agreed with (B) arrived with
 - (C) bowed to (D) checked out
- 答案:(C)
- 翻譯:在棒球比賽的最後,所有的選手都向球迷鞠躬並且謝謝他們來看比賽。 (A)同意 (B)跟…一起到達 (C)鞠躬 (D)檢查;結帳離開
- 解析:因為句中提到要謝謝球迷來看比賽,所以鞠躬就是一種感謝的表達方式,因此要選(C) bowed to。

9. Can you help me _____ those cups and dishes? I get a different number each time.
(A) carry (B) clean

- (C) collect (D) count
- 答案:(D)
- 翻譯:你可以幫我數那些杯子和盤子嗎?我每次數數量都不同。 (A)搬 (B)清理 (C)蒐集 (D)數
- 解析: 句中透露了"get a different number",因此應該是要請人幫忙再數一次,所 以要選(D) count。

(B) pond

- 10. I have a big _____ at home. I often fill it with hot water and enjoy a long bath.
 - (A) bathroom
 - (C) tub (D) washing machine
- 答案:(C)
- 翻譯:我家裡有個大浴缸,我經常將熱水填滿並且享受泡澡泡很久的感覺。 (A)浴室 (B)池塘 (C)浴缸 (D)洗衣機
- 解析:因為句中提到「熱水填滿」,又提到「泡澡」,泡澡應該要在浴缸裡,所 以答案要選(C) tub。



11. We _____ Aunt Polly for a long time, so we visited her last weekend. (A) don't see (B) haven't seen (C) hadn't seen (D) wouldn't see 答案:(C) 翻譯:我們很久沒看到 Polly 阿姨了,所以我們上週末去拜訪她。 解析:本題考的是「時態」,因為是「上星期」拜訪阿姨,拜訪阿姨是過去式,所 以在「過去的時間點」之前有一段時間都沒看到阿姨,要用過去完成式,因 此答案要選(C) hadn't seen。 12. We know about the new boss except that she just came back from the US. We hope to know her better. (B) nothing (A) everything (D) something (C) other things 答案:(B) 翻譯:我們對於新老闆一無所知,除了她剛從美國回來,我們希望能更了解她。 (A)每件事情 (B)無 (C)其他事情 (D)某事 解析:因為是新老闆,而且後面又表達希望更了解她,代表句中想表達的是不了 解她,因此答案要選(B) nothing。 13. See? The strange man I saw yesterday _____ around my house again. Should I call the police? (A) walking (B) is walking (C) and walked (D) to walk 答案:(B) 翻譯:看到了嗎?那位我昨天看到的奇怪男人現在又在我家附近走來走去,我應 該打電話報警嗎? 解析:本題是考「時態」,I saw yesterday 是形容詞子句,修飾前面的先行詞 The strange man,代表昨天看到的。但句中詢問是否要叫警察,表示奇怪的男 人此刻現在正在屋外走來走去,所以時態上應該要用現在進行式,答案要 選(B) is walking。 14. I haven't been to the movies these days. Are there any good _____ this week? (B) others (A) ones (C) them (D) those 答案:(A) 翻譯:我最近都沒有看電影,這禮拜有什麼好看的電影嗎? 解析: ones 是不定代名詞的複數形式,代替前面提過的電影,又因為句中使用 Are there,所以需要使用複數,因此答案要選(A) ones。



15. Cindy: Do you want some bread? Allen: I need more than that. I'm so _____! (A) heavy (B) hungry (C) lucky (D) surprised 答案:(B) 翻譯:Cindy:你想要一些麵包嗎? Allen:我需要更多,我好餓! (A)重的 (B)飢餓的 (C)幸運的 (D)感到驚訝的 解析:因為 Cindy 問 Allen 要不要吃麵包。Allen 回答要更多,表示他應該很餓, 所以答案要選(B) hungry。 16. Grace: Wow! Is your room always this _____? Bianca: Well, I like to put everything in the right place. (A) bright (B) quiet (C) tidy (D) warm 答案:(C) 翻譯:Grace:哇!你的房間總是這麼整齊嗎? Bianca:嗯…我喜歡把每樣東西都放在正確的地方。 (A)明亮的 (B)安静的 (C)整齊的 (D)温暖的 解析:因為 Bianca 喜歡把東西都放到正確的地方,顯示她的房間應該很整齊,因 此答案要選(C) tidy。 17. (On the cell phone) Stacy: Where are you? I can't see you here at the theater. Greg: _____. I'm just one block away. (A) Nice talking to you (B) I'm coming (C) Hurry up (D) Hope to see you soon 答案:(B) 翻譯: (手機通話中) Stacy:你在哪裡?我在電影院沒有看到你。 Greg:我快到了,再一個路口就到了。 (A)很高興跟你聊天 (B)我要到了 (C)快一點 (D)希望能很快看到你 解析:文中情境是 Stacy 跟 Greg 約在電影院但是 Greg 還沒到,而 Greg 說他再一 個路口就到了,所以應該是快到了,因此要選(B) I'm coming。



18. Dad: Are you going out? It's really late now. Mitch: I know, but it's the last day to buy tickets to the World Cup games, _____ I must go. (A) if (B) or (C) so (D) though 答案:(C) 翻譯:Dad:你要外出嗎?現在真的很晚了! Mitch:我知道,但是今天是世界盃門票售票的最後一天,所以我必須要 出去。 (A)如果 (B)否則 (C)所以 (D)雖然 解析:本題是考連接詞的語意,文中 Mitch 表達今天是售票的最後一天,跟現在 必須出去有因果關係,因此要選擇(C) so。 19. Abby: Too bad you couldn't come to the beach with us. It was so much fun there! You must come next time. Bree: No, thanks. I don't think _____ any fun. I can't swim. (A) I was having (B) I've had (C) I have (D) I'll have 答案:(D) 翻譯:Abby:你不能跟我們一起去沙灘太可惜了。那邊真的很好玩。你下次一定 要一起來。 Bree:不用了,謝謝。我不認為我會玩得開心,因為我不會游泳。 解析:本題考的是「時態」,雖然 Abby 表達的是之前去沙灘的經驗,但是後來表 達了「下次」可以一起去玩,所以時態從「過去式」轉換到「未來式」。 而因為 Bree 拒絕 Abby 的邀約,表明自己不會游泳,所以去了也不會玩的開 心,但在說這句話的時候「還沒有去」,所以答案選未來式(D) I'll have。



20. Below is what Stan drew for his report. It shows the number of students in each club at his school in 2009 and 2010. Which is NOT true?



- (A) The art clubs have fewer students in 2010 than in 2009.
- (B) The sports clubs have more students in 2010 than in 2009.
- (C) The acting club is the most popular club both in 2009 and in 2010.
- (D) In 2009, the painting club has half the number of students of the paper-cutting club.
- 答案:(C)
- 翻譯:以下是 Stan 為了他的報告所畫的圖。它顯示了在 2009 年及 2010 年他的學 校的每個社團的學生數量。下列哪一句是錯的?

(A)藝術性社團在 2010 年的學生數量比 2009 年的學生數量少。

- (B)運動性社團 2010 年的學生數量比 2009 年的學生數量多。
- (C)戲劇社社團在 2009 年及 2010 年都是最受歡迎的社團。

(D)在 2009 年,繪畫社學生人數是剪紙社學生人數的一半。

- 解析: (A)藝術性社團=剪紙+表演+繪畫,在 2009 年是 245 位學生,在 2010 年 是 190 位學生,所以 2010 的學生數比 2009 年少是正確的。
 - (B)運動性社團=足球+網球+棒球,在2009年是215位學生,在2010年
 是270個,所以2010的學生數比2009的學生人數多是正確的。
 - (C) 戲劇社在 2009 年及 2010 年學生數都不是最多的,所以本選項是錯的。
 - (D)2009年繪畫社學生人數是50人,剪紙社學生人數是100人,所以本選 項是對的。

因此答案選(C)。



翰林出版教育優先

第二部分:下列十個題組,共有 25 題(題號 21~45),請依據選文或所附圖表資 料,選出一個正確或最佳的答案。

(21-23)

_ 音 ※
Subject: Send Save B/山區三言 監 監 書 員
Dear Jean,
How have you been? I'm writing this to say I'm sorry that <u>21</u> your birthday. These days I felt there was something wrong, but I just couldn't think of what it was. Yesterday afternoon on the bus, I <u>22</u> remembered what it was. Your birthday is this month, and it was two weeks ago! I feel so bad. I picked out a gift for you. I hope you like it. By the way, <u>23</u> a great time on your birthday? I can't wait to hear about it.
Love,
Linda
囗 by the way 順便一提

翻譯:

親愛的 Jean:

最近過得如何?我寫這封信是要說,我很抱歉我忘記了你的生日。最 近我覺得有什麼地方不對勁,但是我就是想不起來是什麼事情。昨天下午 在公車上,我終於想起是什麼事。你的生日是在這個月,但是已經是兩個 星期前的事了。我覺得很抱歉。我幫你選了一個禮物。我希望你喜歡它。 順便一提,你生日玩得開心嗎?我等不及要聽你說這件事了。

> 愛你的 Linda

21. (A) I forget

(B) I forgot

(C) I'm forgetting

(D) I've forgotten

答案:(B)

解析:本題是考「時態」,文中 Linda 說她忘記了 Jean 的生日,忘記是已經過去的動作,所以應該要用過去式,所以答案選(B) I forgot。

8

- 22. (A) also
 - (B) finally
 - (C) only
 - (D) still
- 答案:(B)
- 翻譯:(A)也 (B)終於 (C)只有 (D)仍然
- 解析:文中 Linda 一開始想不起來是什麼事情忘記了(I just couldn't think of what it was),但是「終於」想起來了(I ____ remembered what is was),按照 語意,答案要選(B) finally。
- 23. (A) have you had
 - (B) are you having
 - (C) would you have
 - (D) did you have
- 答案:(D)
- 翻譯:(A)也 (B)終於 (C)只有 (D)仍然
- 解析:本題是考「時態」, Linda 問 Jean 生日玩得開心嗎,文中透露出 Jean 的生 日是在兩個星期前(Your birthday is this month, and it was two weeks ago!), 是過去的事情,所以答案要選過去式(D) did you have。

(24-26)

If you sail between Hawaii and California, you'll find a big part of the ocean, as big as Africa, covered with garbage. Most of the trash comes from the land, by wind or by water, and some is thrown straight into the sea. Most of the trash is plastic: plastic bags, plastic cups, plastic cans, and a lot more.

24? Some just stays in the sea, some is washed onto the beaches, and, worst of all, some 25. Many seabirds and sea animals that eat the trash in the sea die. Those that are lucky enough to live on may someday arrive on our dinner plate. What we throw away will all 26 one way or another.

Keep in mind what happens to trash, and you may think twice before you throw anything away.

囗 ocean 海洋



翻譯:

如果你在夏威夷和加州之間航行,你將會發現有一片和非洲一樣大的 海洋,被垃圾覆蓋著。大部分垃圾來自陸地,透過風吹和水流的方式到這 地方,而有些垃圾則是直接被丟到海裡。大部分的垃圾是塑膠類,諸如塑 膠袋、塑膠杯、塑膠罐等等。

這些垃圾何去何從呢?一些部份會繼續留在海裡,一些則被沖上海岸, 最糟的是,有些垃圾會被海鳥或海洋生物吃進肚子裡。許多吃到海中垃圾 的海鳥和海洋生物因而死亡。那些幸運活下來的動物可能在未來某一天成 為我們餐盤上的食物。我們丟掉的東西都將用各種方式回到我們身邊。 記住這些垃圾發生的狀況,你也許就會在丟東西前三思。

- 24. (A) Where does the trash go
 - (B) How do we deal with the trash
 - (C) Where does the trash come from
 - (D) How does the trash arrive in the sea
- 答案:(A)
- 解析:根據下文(Some just stays in the sea, some is washed onto the beaches...)得知這些垃圾的去向,因此本題答案選(A)。
- 25. (A) enters seabirds' and sea animals' stomachs
 - (B) stops seabirds and sea animals from growing up
 - (C) fills the living space of seabirds and sea animals
 - (D) goes down to the bottom of the sea and never comes up
- 答案:(A)
- 解析:根據下文(Many seabirds and sea animals that eat the trash in the sea die.), 海鳥跟海洋生物會因此而死亡,推論海鳥和海洋生物應該是吃到了垃圾, 因此答案選(A),有些垃圾到了海鳥和海洋生物的胃裡。
- 26. (A) be cleared up
 - (B) come back to us
 - (C) be useful to others
 - (D) get out of our sight
- 答案:(B)
- 解析:根據上下文(Those that are lucky enough to live on may someday arrive on our dinner plate.),我們吃到的食物,只要是來自海洋的,都有可能吃過海洋中的垃圾。因此,答案選(B),這些海洋垃圾可能會透過其他方式回到我們的身邊。

(27)	-28)
<u>(</u>	/

Jamie: Hey, Paul, will you be home this afternoon? Paul: Yes, why?	
Jamie: Can I come over to your house to play basketball in the yard?	
Paul: But don't you have class at New Math Classroom today? I remember you	
have to go there on Mondays and Wednesdays.	
Jamie: Yes, but I sleep most of the time during the class. What the teacher says is	
almost like a foreign language to me. I don't know why I should be there.	
Paul: But your parents will be here in one hour to have tea with my parents.	
Jamie: Oh, no!	

翻譯:Jamie:嗨!Paul,你今天下午會在家嗎? Paul:會啊!為什麼這麼問? Jamie:我可以去你家院子打籃球嗎? Paul:但你今天不是在 New Math Classroom 有數學課嗎?我記得你每週 一和每週三都要去那。 Jamie:對啊!但我在課堂上大部分的時間都在睡覺。老師說的話對我來說 幾乎就像外國話一樣。我不知道我為什麼要在那。 Paul:但你的父母一個小時後將會來這和我爸媽一起喝茶。 Jamie:噢!不。

- 27. What did Jamie plan to do this afternoon?
 - (A) To play sports.
 - (B) To go to a math class.
 - (C) To have tea with Paul.
 - (D) To do homework at home.
- 答案:(A)
- 翻譯:Jamie 今天下午計畫做什麼?
- 解析:根據內文(Can I come over to your house to play basketball in the yard?), Jamie 今天想去 Paul 家打籃球,因此答案選(A)。
- 28. What do we know from the dialogue?
 - (A) Paul's parents work at New Math Classroom.
 - (B) Jamie's teacher at New Math Classroom is a foreigner.
 - (C) There is no class at New Math Classroom on Wednesdays.
 - (D) Jamie does not enjoy the math class at New Math Classroom.
- 答案:(D)
- 翻譯:從對話中我們可以了解什麼?
- 解析: 根據內文(I don't know why I should be there.), Jamie 並不喜歡 New Math Classroom 的數學課,因此答案選(D)。







翻譯:

閱讀 Luke 的日記,並回答下列問題。

日期:2009/12/21

今天我們老師帶我們去張先生的農場。當我們到那兒,我們看到許多 乳牛在四處走來走去吃草。張先生讓他的牛自由自在地在戶外走動。他甚 至會摸摸牠們的臉,並且像個父親般跟牠們說話。而且,他只餵他的牛新 鮮的牧草還有天然的泉水。他細心地照顧他的牛,因此他能賣給人們最棒 的牛乳。當他擠牛乳的時候,他還讓我們試試看。親手擠牛乳真讓人興奮。 當我們要離去時,張先生給我們每人一包起司。這起司嚐起來真美味。



- 29. What did Luke do on the farm?
 - (A) He helped to milk the cows.
 - (B) He sold milk for Mr. Chang.
 - (C) He learned how to make cheese.
 - (D) He collected fresh grass for Mr. Chang.
- 答案:(A)
- 翻譯:Luke 在農場上做了什麼事?
- 解析:根據內文 When he milked the cows, he even let us try., 句中的 he 是指 Mr. Chang, 整句話的意思是當 Mr. Chang 在擠牛奶的時候,他還讓我們試試 看,代表 Luke 在農場上有幫忙擠牛乳。
- 30. What did Mr. Chang NOT do for his cows?
 - (A) He fed them with spring water.
 - (B) He touched and talked to them.
 - (C) He played music when they ate.
 - (D) He let them walk freely on the farm.
- 答案:(C)
- 翻譯:張先生沒有為他的牛做什麼事情?
- 解析:根據內文,張先生沒有在牛吃草時放音樂給牠們聽。
 - 文中依序提到的是:

let his cows walk freely outside (D)

He even touched their faces and talked to them like a father. (B)

Mr. Chang only fed his cows with fresh grass and spring water from nature. (A)





"Maybe I should put a side table in this corner." "I think a yellow dining table would look great with the color of my kitchen." "I guess an L-shaped sofa is right for my living room."

How can you be sure if these ideas will work? Are you going to different stores looking for things which you plan to put in your house? What if they don't look good in your house? Now *Mother Goose* saves you all the trouble! With *Mother Goose*, you can play with different ideas on the computer, so you can see what your future house will look like before starting the real job. Want to see the magic? Just visit <u>www.sweethome.com/mothergoose</u> to take a look. Sweethome.com will start selling *Mother Goose* next week. The first 100 people to order *Mother Goose* will get it at half price (only one pack of *Mother Goose* per person). Get yours now!

Ш what if 萬一 per 每·

翻譯:「也許我應該放個小桌子在這個角落。」

「我認為黃色的餐桌應該會跟我廚房的顏色很搭。」

「我猜我的客廳適合L形的沙發。」

你要怎麼確認這些想法可行呢?你準備去不同的店找你計畫擺設在你 家的東西嗎?萬一他們不適合你的家呢?現在,Mother Goose 能幫你解決 所有的困難。有了 Mother Goose,你可以在電腦上玩不同的創意,這樣你 可以在動工前看到你家未來的樣子。想看這麼神奇的功能嗎?只要上 www.sweethome.com/mothergoose 瞧一瞧。Sweethome.com 這個網站下週 將會開始賣 Mother Goose 的東西。前一百個訂購 Mother Goose 的人,將 會得到半價的優惠(每人在 Mother Goose 只優惠一件)。快訂購屬於你的 產品吧!





31. What does the webpage of www.sweethome.com/mothergoose

- 答案:(D)
- 翻譯:哪個網頁看起來是 www.Sweethome.com/mothergoose?
- 解析:從文中 With Mother Goose, you can play with different ideas on the computer, so you can see what your future house will look like before starting the real job.可知 Mother Goose 提供了模擬家具擺放效果的服務,因此答 案選(D)。
- 32. What do we know about Mother Goose?
 - (A) It is new on the market.
 - (B) It is popular with young people.
 - (C) People can visit its office next week.
 - (D) People can buy three packs and get one free.
- 答案:(A)
- 翻譯:我們對 Mother Goose 的認識為何?
- 解析: 根據文意 Sweethome.com will start selling Mother Goose next week., 可判斷 Mother Goose 應該是市場上的新品牌,銷售的產品即將在下週上市。



(33-34)

You asked what kind of person I am. I speak out what I think, Loud like an angry queen; I stay low, Quiet like a winter tree. I'm excited, As happy as a jumping rabbit; I'm bored, Feeling like a dead fish. What kind of person am I? Who knows? I live and wear different faces, Like everyone else.

翻譯:你問我是什麼樣的人?

我想什麼就講什麼, 大聲到像個憤怒的女王: 我行事低調, 安靜的像冬天的樹。

我興奮時,就會快樂的像隻跳躍的兔子。 當我無聊時,就會像條死魚。

我是什麼樣的人? 誰知道? 我活著有不同的面貌, 跟其他人一樣。



- 33. What is the writer trying to say in the poem?
 - (A) It is not wise to show how we feel.
 - (B) Life is hard when we forget how to smile.
 - (C) It is not possible to make everybody happy.
 - (D) It is hard to tell what a person is really like.

答案:(D)

- 翻譯:作者試著在這首詩中表達什麼?
- 解析: 詩中對於自己有很多面向的描述,如:表達自己的意見,像個憤怒的女王、 行事低調,安靜的像冬天裡的樹、快樂的時候又像隻跳躍的兔子、感覺無 聊時又像條死魚,前後詩句有很多的對比造成反差,且詩末 I live and wear different faces,因此本詩要表達的是人是有很多面的,很難說清楚怎麼樣 才是真正的自己。
- 34. What can we know about the writer from the poem?
 - (A) She used to have many pets.
 - (B) Winter is her favorite season.
 - (C) She cannot remember her real name.
 - (D) She is not afraid to talk about her ideas.
- 答案:(D)
- 翻譯:從這首詩我們能了解到作者什麼?
- 解析:根據文意

I speak out what I think,

Loud like an angry queen;

表示想什麼就講什麼,因此(D)最合適。

(35 - 37))
(55 57	1

Kirsten: Have you read The Travel? I just finished it yesterday.		
Renee: No, but I've wanted to. Is it good?		
Kirsten: It is! But it's quite grim.		
Renee: How so?		
Kirsten: In the story, a mother and her son were on a trip when they were caught by		
a group of crazy people. They were kept in a small dark room and treated		
terribly. It really broke my heart to read that the mother chose to stay and		
fight with the bad guys. She was almost killed when trying to help her son		
run away.		
Renee: So it's this grim from the first page to the end?		
Kirsten: Yes, but there's still a bright side in it. You get to see how strong parents		
can be when they want to keep their children from being hurt.		
Renee: I see. I'm surely going to borrow it from the library.		
Kirsten: Then you must hurry. When I borrowed it last Friday, they told me that		
many people were waiting to read it!		

翻譯:Kristen:你有讀過The Travel嗎?我昨天才剛看完。

Renee:不,但我一直想看。好看嗎?

Kristen:是啊!好看,但整個故事很晦暗。

Renee: 怎麼說?

- Kristen:在這故事中,一個母親和她的兒子在旅途中被一群瘋狂的人抓住 了。他們被關在一個又小又暗的房間,並且被虐待。當我讀到這 個媽媽選擇留下來對抗這些壞蛋時,我很難過。當她要幫她的兒 子逃跑時,她幾乎要被殺掉了。
- Renee:所以這本書從第一頁到結尾都是這麼晦暗嗎?
- Kristen:對啊!但是這當中還是有光明面。你必須看當這些父母想保護孩子免於傷害時有多麼堅強。
- Renee:我了解!我肯定會去圖書館借這本書。
- Kristen:那你必須盡快。當我上週五借這本書時,他們告訴我許多人正等 著要借這本書來看。

- 35. What happened in *The Travel*?
 - (A) A mother did her best to save her child.
 - (B) A mother took a trip to look for her son.
 - (C) A mother was treated terribly by her family.
 - (D) A mother was killed by a group of crazy people.

答案:(A)

- 翻譯:在The Travel 的情節如何?
- 解析:整篇對話討論 The Travel 的情節,對話中重複提到一個母親盡全力去保護 她的小孩,如:
 - She was almost killed when trying to help her son run away.

You get to see how strong parents can be when they want to keep their children from being hurt.

因此正確答案為A。

- 36. What do we know from the dialogue?
 - (A) Kirsten will lend Renee *The Travel*.
 - (B) *The Travel* is a popular library book.
 - (C) Kirsten did not enjoy reading *The Travel*.
 - (D) Renee has not heard of *The Travel* before.
- 答案:(B)
- 翻譯:從對話中我們可以得知什麼?
- 解析:對話最後提到 Then you must hurry. When I borrowed it last Friday, they told me that many people were waiting to read it!很多人等著借閱 The Travel 可知 這本書在圖書館中很熱門。
- 37. What does Kirsten mean by saying The Travel is grim?
 - (A) It happens on a dark night.
 - (B) It makes the readers feel sad.
 - (C) There are many difficult words in it.
 - (D) Readers have different ideas about it.
- 答案:(B)
- 翻譯:Kristen 在聊到 The Travel 時用 grim 這個詞,她意指為何?
- 解析:從 It really broke my heart to read...以及 but there's still a bright side in it.可判斷 grim 是指會讓人感到難過的意思,因此答案選(B)。







- (B) Students who order before 7pm will get a free drink.
- (C) Catch-Up will be open later on Students' Night than on other days.
- (D) People who are not students still have a chance to get a special price.
- 答案:(D)
- 翻譯:從 Student's Catch Up 我們知道什麼事情?
- 解析:從Not a student anymore? Dig out your old school uniform and wear it to Catch-Up!!可以判斷即使不是學生,也有機會取得特惠價格。因此答案選(D)。



39. Patty and her classmates went out to celebrate her 18th birthday. Below is the e-mail she had sent them the day before.

Date: Tuesday, July 27, 2010 Subject: Tomorrow Night

Dear Ginny, Jen, and Eva,

The movie starts at 7:00, so let's meet at 6:45 tomorrow. Student tickets are cheaper, so do bring your student cards! After the movie, we will have dinner at the famous Catch-Up! See you tomorrow!

Patty

P.S. Don't forget to put on your best dress.

That night, one of Patty's classmates did not bring her student card. How much did they pay for their dinner at Catch-Up?

(A) \$900. (B) \$950. (C) \$1,000. (D) \$1,100.

答案:(D)

翻譯: Patty 和她的同學出去慶祝她 18 歲的生日,以下這封信是她之前寄給同學 的信。

日期:2010年7月27日 星期二 主題:明晩 ----------親愛的 Ginny、Jen 和 Eva:

電影是 7:00 開始,所以我們明天約 6:45 見面吧。學生票比較便宜,所以一 定要帶你們的學生證!看完電影後,我們將會在知名的「聚」樂部餐廳吃晚 餐!明天見!

Patty

註:記得好好打扮!

當晚,Patty的一個同學沒有帶學生證。她們在「聚」樂部(Catch Up)的 晚餐總共多少錢?

解析:她們要看七點的電影,因此她們用餐在七點後,有帶學生證的三人享受特 惠價 250 元/每人,沒帶學生證的那位同學,從信中 Patty 提醒大家要穿著 最美的洋裝出席,可判斷她不是穿制服,使用原價 350 元的價格。四人共 花1100 元。



$(\Lambda \Omega$	-42)
(40	-+2)

Six people are talking about two pie shops in a TV program.
Lily: I've been going to Pie House for twenty years. Now Marie's son is taking care of the business, and he makes pies as good as his mother's. ♦♦♦
Olive: I went to Pie Corner once. Their pies were great, too. But I feel more comfortable at Pie House.
$\diamond \diamond \diamond$
Ned: Uncle Roy used to work for my mom. Later he opened Pie Corner on the next block after he got married. ♦♦♦
Marie: Roy was already quite <u>avant-garde</u> when working with me. I mean he had different, sometimes even strange, ideas about pies. There were times I thought his pies wouldn't taste good, but they turned out magically delicious. $\diamond \diamond \diamond$
Lee: Ned has done quite well with Pie House. His pies make you feel warm. But if you want to try something interesting, you should go to Pie Corner. ♦♦♦
Chuck: If eating Roy's pies is like taking an exciting trip, then Ned's pies are just like a sweet home you go back to after a long trip.

翻譯:

六個人正在討論出現電視上的兩家派餅店。

- Lily: 我光臨 Pie House 已經有 20 年了。現在 Marie 的兒子負責經營, 他做的派跟他母親的一樣美味。
- Olive: 我去過 Pie Corner 一次。他們的派也很好吃,但我覺得 Pie House 比較舒適。
 - Ned: Roy 叔叔以前幫我媽工作,他結婚後在下一個街角開了 Pie Corner。
- Marie: Roy 在幫我做事的時候,就是位前衛的人。我是說他對於製作派 餅,有時會有些不一樣,甚至還很奇特的想法。有時候我覺得他 的派可能不好吃,但最後都很神奇地美味極了。
 - Lee: Ned 把 Pie House 經營得很好。他的派餅會讓你感到很溫暖。但如 果你想嚐嚐一些不一樣的,你該去 Pie Corner。
- Chuck:如果說 Roy 的派餅吃起來好像是在經歷一段刺激的旅程,那麼 Ned 的派餅就像你結束長期旅程後回到甜蜜的家一樣。

- 40. What do we know about the six people?
 - (A) They all have been to both pie shops.
 - (B) They all talked about what the pies taste like.
 - (C) Some of them are the shopkeepers of the pie shops.
 - (D) Some of them talked about how the shopkeepers treated their workers.
- 答案:(C)
- 翻譯:關於這六位受訪者,你知道些什麼?
- 解析: 根據文意,受訪者 Lily 說: "Now Marie's son is taking care of the business", Ned 說: "Uncle Roy used to work for my mom", Mary 說: "Roy was already quite avant-garde when working with me",此三句皆可知道 Marie 和 Ned 是 Pie House 的老闆,因此答案選(C)受訪者中,有些人是派餅店的老闆。
- 41. Which is true about the pie shops?
 - (A) Pie House is a family business.
 - (B) Pie Corner is next to Pie House.
 - (C) Pie Corner has a longer history than Pie House.
 - (D) Pie House gives people a place to stay for the night.
- 答案:(A)
- 翻譯:關於派餅店以下何者為真?
- 解析:根據內文,受訪者 Lily 說:"Now Marie's son is taking care of the business" 表示 Pie House 原本的經營者是 Marie,現在交給她的兒子 Ned 經營,因 此答案為(A) Pie House 為家族事業。
- 42. What does avant-garde mean in the reading?
 - (A) Having a new and surprising way of thinking.
 - (B) Trying to find out where the problems come from.
 - (C) Trying to act like someone who knows everything.
 - (D) Having many exciting and eye-opening life experiences.
- 答案:(A)
- 翻譯:在這篇文章中, avant-garde 的意思為何?
- 解析: Marie 說: "I mean he had different, sometimes even strange, ideas about pies", Lee 說: "But if you want to try something interesting, you should go to Pie Corner", Chuck 說: "If eating Roy's pies is like taking an exciting trip,...", 從 Marie、Lee 和 Chuck 的說詞中, Pie Corner 的經營者 Roy 做的派餅口味 應該是新奇多變,讓人感到新鮮有趣。因此答案選(A)有新奇且令人驚喜 的想法。



(43-45)

If you enjoy reading, don't miss Shakespeare and Company when you visit the city of Paris. It is a famous English-language bookstore on the left bank of the river Seine. The first Shakespeare and Company in history was opened in 1919 by an American, Sylvia Beach. Ms. Beach did more than sell books. Her bookstore was also a library, and she even prepared beds for writers visiting there. Ms. Beach was not only kind to people but also good at choosing books, so her bookstore was often visited by writers like Ernest Hemingway and James Joyce. But in 1941, after the Germans took power in Paris, Ms. Beach was told to close her bookstore.

In 1951, another American, George Whitman, opened in Paris another Englishlanguage bookstore, Librairie Mistral. Since then, just as Ms. Beach did, Mr. Whitman has also made his bookstore a library for people to borrow books, and a free hotel for writers to stay in. To remember Ms. Beach, Mr. Whitman changed the name of his bookstore to Shakespeare and Company in 1964, two years after Ms. Beach died.

Next time when you are in Paris, don't forget to visit this friendly bookstore, and see if you can spend a night there!

翻譯:

如果你喜歡閱讀,當你拜訪巴黎的時候千萬不要錯過 Shakespeare and Company。它是塞納河畔左岸的一家很有名的英國語文書店。歷史上第一 家 Shakespeare and Company 是在 1919 年由一個美國人 Sylvia Beach 所成 立。Beach 女士所做的不只是賣書而已。她的書店也是一家圖書館,而且 她還準備床鋪給參觀造訪的作家們。Beach 女士不只對人很好甚至還非常 會選書,所以她的書店常常會有知名作家造訪,如:Ernest Hemingway 和 James Joyce。但是在 1941 年,德國政府掌管了巴黎的政權後,Beach 女士 關閉了她的書店。

於 1951 年,另一位美國人 George Whitman 於巴黎成立了另一間英國 語文書店,Librairie Mistral。自從那時起,George Whitman 也做了如同 Beach 女士所做的一樣,讓他的書店就像一間圖書館一樣給人們借閱書籍, 並且提供免費的旅館給作家休息。為了紀念 Beach 女士,在 Beach 女過世 後兩年,Whitman 先生於 1964 年將他的書店改名為 Shakespeare and Company。

下次當你在巴黎時不要忘記去造訪這家友善的書店,然後看看是否你 能在那裡花上一整晚的時間。



- 43. About Shakespeare and Company, which is NOT talked about in the reading?
 - (A) It sells books.
 - (B) It prepares beds for writers.
 - (C) It lends books.
 - (D) It reads books to children.
- 答案:(D)
- 翻譯:關於 Shakespeare and the Company,下列何者為非?
- 解析:根據內文"Ms. Beach did more than sell books. Her bookstore was also a library, and she even prepared beds for writers visiting there"可看出這家店有 賣書、有為造訪的作家準備床,本身也是個圖書館因此有借書的服務,但 並沒有唸書給小孩子聽。因此答案選(D)。
- 44. What do we know about Mr. Whitman?
 - (A) He was Ms. Beach's neighbor.
 - (B) He used to work at Ms. Beach's bookstore.
 - (C) He has followed Ms. Beach's ways of doing business.
 - (D) He opened a bookstore in 1951 to remember Ms. Beach.
- 答案:(C)
- 翻譯:關於 Mr. Whitman 我們了解什麼?
- 解析: 根據內文"since then, just as Ms. Beach did, Mr. Whitman has also made his bookstore a library for people to borrow books, and a free hotel for writers to stay in"可看出 Mr. Whitman 沿用 Ms. Beach 的方式來經營事業。
- 45. Why was Ms. Beach's business closed?
 - (A) She was asked to leave Paris.
 - (B) The Germans made her give it up.
 - (C) Her business went from bad to worse.
 - (D) She died.
- 答案:(B)
- 翻譯:為什麼 Ms. Beach 的書店關門?
- 解析:根據內文"But in 1941, after the Germans took power in Paris, Ms. Beach was told to close her bookstore",德國人占領巴黎時,要Ms. Beach 關掉她的書店。因此答案選(B),德國人要她放棄經營這家書店。