

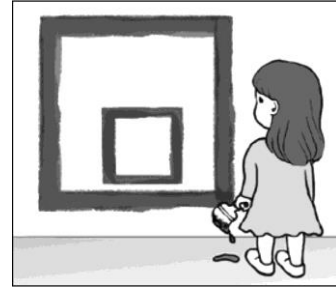
## 104 學年度國中會考 英語領域

解析：張思潔、曾育寧老師

第一部分：單題（第 1-12 題，共 12 題）

1. Look at the picture. The girl drew two \_\_\_\_\_ on the wall.

- (A) circles
- (B) lines
- (C) points
- (D) squares



答案：(D)

翻譯：看看這張圖片，這個女孩正在牆上畫兩個什麼？

解析：本題是在考單字。圖片裡的女孩正在牆上畫兩個正方形，因此答案選(D) squares；正方形。

2. This dress is pretty, \_\_\_\_\_ it does not look good on me.

- (A) so
- (B) but
- (C) or
- (D) if

答案：(B)

翻譯：這件洋裝真漂亮，但是穿在我身上不好看。

解析：本題是在考連接詞。前句提到漂亮，後句提到穿起來不好看，語氣上有相反。因此答案選(B) but；但是。

3. Getting up early on a cold morning is not easy, \_\_\_\_\_?

- (A) are you
- (B) do you
- (C) does it
- (D) is it

答案：(D)

翻譯：在很冷的早上醒來不是件容易的事，對吧？

解析：本題是在考附加問句。句子是動名詞當主詞的句型。附加問句主詞要用「it」，此外，本句主要動詞為 be 動詞，附加問句也要用 be 動詞，因此答案選(D) is it。

4. Tonight I'll stay at the office until I \_\_\_\_\_ the work.

- (A) finish
- (B) am finishing
- (C) finished
- (D) will finish

答案：(A)

翻譯：今晚我會在辦公室裡待到完成工作為止。

解析：本題是在考時態。前句是未來式。後句用 until 來連接句子，until 連接的句子要用現在式代替未來。因此本題要選現在式。答案選(A) finish。

5. Charles \_\_\_\_\_ a day in the department store looking for a hat or his wife.

- (A) cost
- (B) spent
- (C) saw
- (D) made

答案：(B)

翻譯：Charles 在百貨公司裡花了一天的時間尋找給他老婆的帽子。

解析：本題是在考三種「花費」的用法。主詞是「人」，因此要選人當主詞的花費「spent」。答案選(B) spent。

6. Tom \_\_\_\_\_ ten pounds over the past two months. He looks much thinner now.

- (A) loses
- (B) has lost
- (C) will lose
- (D) was losing

答案：(B)

翻譯：Tom 在過去的兩個月中減了十磅。他現在看起來瘦很多了。

解析：本題是在考時態。句子表達從過去到現在已經瘦了十磅。所以要選「現在完成式」have/has+p.p.。因此答案選(B) has lost。

7. I don't like any one of these three watches. Can you show me \_\_\_\_\_ one?

- (A) the others
- (B) other
- (C) either
- (D) another

答案：(D)

翻譯：我這三支手錶都不喜歡。你可以給我看別的吗?

解析：本題在考 other 的用法。本題因為有「one」，所以要選單數。而且是三支手錶以外的另一個，the others 是表達剩下兩個以上，用在複數；other 後面要加名詞；either 是「也不」，與本題語意不合；another 是在表達單數的另一個；因此答案選(D)。

8. The waiters are asked to be \_\_\_\_\_; they should always smile and remember to say "Welcome" and "Please."

- (A) honest
- (B) polite
- (C) special
- (D) strong

答案：(B)

翻譯：服務生們被要求要有禮貌。他們應該要總是面帶微笑並且記得說「歡迎」和「請」。

解析：本題是單字題。「微笑」、「歡迎」和「請」都是跟禮貌有關。因此答案選(B) polite，有禮貌的。

9. On Children's Day, Ms. Lee, a famous storybook writer, \_\_\_\_\_ to Molly's Bookstore to talk about her new book. My two little kids just can't wait to see her.

- (A) came
- (B) was coming
- (C) has come
- (D) is going to come

答案：(D)

翻譯：在兒童節，一個有名的故事作者李小姐，將會來到在 Molly's Bookstore 談論她的新書。我的兩個小孩等不及要見她。

解析：本題是考時態。要從最後一句判斷。「兩個小孩等不及要見」，意思就是還沒有見到，由本句可以判斷這是一件尚未發生的事，因此要選「未來式」。答案選(D) is going to come。

10. No one thought James would appear at Katie's party. So when he \_\_\_\_\_, everyone was surprised and could not believe their eyes.
- (A) would  
(B) was  
(C) had  
(D) did

答案：(D)

翻譯：沒有人認為 James 會出現在 Katie 的派對上。所以當他出現時，每個人都很驚訝且不敢相信他們的眼睛。

解析：本題是考時態。本句情境是在描述一件過去的事情。題目本身是簡答的句型，代替前面的動詞「appear」。因此要用過去式的助動詞 did。答案選(D) did。

11. B&J Café \_\_\_\_\_ known as the tallest building in town. However, O&G Restaurant became the tallest building in 2010.
- (A) has been  
(B) had been  
(C) is  
(D) would be

答案：(B)

翻譯：B&J Café 在鎮裡一直都是以最高的建築物聞名。然而，O&G Restaurant 在 2010 年變成了最高的建築物。

解析：本題是考時態。從句子中可以知道 B&J Café 的最高建築物之名並沒有持續到現在，從第二句的描述當中出現了一個過去的時間點「2010」。在這年有另外一棟建築物 O&G Restaurant 取而代之變成最高的建築物。但是在過去的時間點「2010」之前 B&J Café 都是最高的建築物。因此是「過去的過去」。要選過去完成式 had+p.p.。答案選(B) had been。

12. Actor David Piper became tired of talking about the movie \_\_\_\_\_ after he was interviewed about it many times.
- (A) he is famous  
(B) that he is famous  
(C) that is famous for  
(D) he is famous for

答案：(D)

翻譯：演員 David Piper 在他接受了很多次關於他為此而聞名的電影訪問之後，他覺得很厭倦。

解析：本題是在考關係子句和一個片語 be famous for。先行詞是 the movie。把 the movie 帶進關係子句中還原。可得到“...about the movie (that he is famous for)” He is famous for the movie。本題的關係代名詞是受格，可省略。因此答案選(D)。

## 第二部分：題組（第 13-40 題，共 28 題）

(13-15)

From: Lisa Clyne (lisaclyne@mail.com)  
 To: Mary Faber (maryfaber@mail.com)  
 Date: Thursday, April 2, 2015  
 Subject: Welcome

Dear Mary,

Uncle Billy and I are excited about your visit.

The weather has 13 these days. Like today, it was sunny in the morning, but rained heavily at noon. So we've 14: If the weather is nice, I'm going to take you to Smith Farm. They're having a special horse show this week. I'm sure you'll like it. And 15. We can go shopping at Mimi's Department Store; there we can walk around without getting wet. Rain or shine, we hope you will have a good time here.

See you tomorrow at the train station at 9:00 a.m.

Love,  
 Aunt Lisa

題目翻譯：

寄件人: Lisa Clyne (lisaclyne@mail.com)

收件人: Mary Faber(maryfaber@mail.com)

日期: 2015 年 4 月 2 日星期四

主題: 歡迎來訪

親愛的 Mary:

Billy 叔叔和我對於妳的來訪感到很興奮。

天氣最近變化很大。像今天，早上是晴天，晚上卻下起大雨來了。所以我們為妳想出了兩個方案：如果天氣好的話，我們會帶妳去 Smith 農場。他們這星期會舉辦一場很特別的馬術表演，我保證妳會喜歡，但是如果下雨的話，也不用擔心，我們可以去 Mimi's 百貨公司逛街，在那裡我們可到處逛逛，且不用怕會淋濕。不管是雨天還是晴天，我們都希望妳能在這玩得開心。

明天九點火車站見。

愛妳的  
 Lisa 嬭嬭

13. (A) got better (B) been warm  
 (C) changed a lot (D) become wet and cold

答案：(C)

解析：本題後面有一句「早上是晴天，晚上卻下起大雨來了。」代表天氣變化很大。故答案選(C) changed a lot。

14. (A) made two plans for you (B) worried about your trip to here  
 (C) decided to take you to a nice place (D) prepared everything you've asked for

答案：(A)

解析：本題後面有提到「如果天氣好的話去農場」和「如果下雨的話去百貨公司」，提供了兩個計畫。因此答案選(A) made two plans for you。

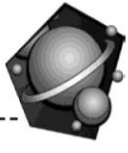
15. (A) we'll agree with each other (B) don't worry if it rains  
 (C) we all love animals very much (D) don't forget to check the weather

答案：(B)

解析：前面提到天氣好的方案，下一句接「在那裡我們可到處逛逛，且不用怕會淋濕」。因此要選跟「下雨」有關的選項。答案選(B) don't worry if it rains。

(16-18)

NEWS HUNT




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Kieran Hardy 11/07/2013

For years, we thought our Earth was the only blue dot up there. Now another has been found. Its name is HD189773b. HD189773b is an exoplanet, a planet outside our Solar System, and is one of the nearest exoplanets to Earth. Even so, 16. Here's why: It is 63 light years away. That means it is 370,440,000,000,000 miles from us. Even if we fly at 3,500 miles an hour, it will take more than 12 million years to get there.

17: It is much bigger, it is made of gas and it is burning hot. In heat as great as 1,000°C, life is not possible. What is worse, it rains glass. If 1,000°C does not kill you, glass rain will.

Even so, finding this blue giant 18. It is the first time that we have been able to see the color of an exoplanet. The color of a planet gives us ideas about what is happening on it. While we have a long way to go before we find a new planet to live on, finding a blue dot is a good start.


exoplanet 系外行星 Solar System 太陽系

題目翻譯：

獵捕新聞

Kieran Hardy 11/07/2013

多年來我們都認為我們的地球是唯一的藍色星球。現在已經發現另外一個了。它的名字是 HD189773b。HD189773b 是一個系外行星，位於太陽系之外，也是離地球最近的系外行星之一。即便如此，我們也不能稱之為鄰居，原因如下：它距離地球 63 光年遠；意思就是離我們有 370,440,000,000,000 英哩遠。即使我們以一小時 3500 英哩的速度飛行，我們也要花一百二十萬年才能到達那裡。

除了它的顏色是藍的以外，HD189773b 再也沒有跟我們星球相像的地方了。它比地球大很多，是由氣體所組成的，而且相當炙熱。熱度高達攝氏一千度，這樣是不可能有任何生命存在的。更糟的是，它會像下雨一樣的下「玻璃」。如果攝氏一千度殺不死你，「玻璃雨」也會殺死你。

即便如此，找到這個藍色巨物仍給了我們希望。這是第一次我們可以看到一個系外行星的顏色。這個星球的顏色，讓我們知道了星球上面發生什麼事。當我們處於在找尋一個可以居住的新星球的漫長路途中，找到一個藍色的星球是一個好的開始。

16. (A) we cannot really call it a neighbor  
 (B) we do not know anything about it yet  
 (C) we might not be able to say there for long  
 (D) we are not sure how long it takes to get there

答案：(A)

解析：本題前面有提到 HD189773b 是離我們最近的系外行星之一，後面又提到這個星球其實離我們還是很遠，所以可以知道本題跟距離有關。因此答案選(A) we cannot call it a neighbor；我們也不能稱之為

鄰居。

17. (A) What's more, it is not water that makes HD189773b look blue  
 (B) With its blue color, HD189773b could be a second Earth for us  
 (C) Except for its blue color, HD189773b is nothing like our home planet  
 (D) Because of its blue color, people guess there might be life on HD189773b

答案：(C)

解析：本題後面提到 HD189773b 比地球大，而且很熱還會下玻璃雨，都跟地球很不一樣。因此答案選(C) Except for its blue color, HD189773b is nothing like our home planet；除了它的顏色是藍的以外，HD189773b 再也沒有跟我們星球相像的地方了。

18. (A) gives us hope  
 (B) took hard work  
 (C) has changed our life  
 (D) helps us know more about Earth

答案：(A)

解析：本題後面提到，我們要找新的居住星球，並提到這是個好的開始。因此，答案選(A) give us hope；給了我們希望。

(19-20)

Last Saturday, Ginny and her friends had lunch at Howell's Bowl. Here is their order, and the poster of the restaurant.

<b>Howell's Bowl</b>			
<b>Table</b> <u>2</u>	<u>3</u> person(s)	Order taken by <u>Fred</u>	12:30 12/23
<b>1</b>	pumpkin pie		220 x 2
<b>2</b>	cheese cake		120 x 1
<b>3</b>	milk shake (chocolate) (large)		200 x 2
<b>4</b>	milk shake (banana)		110 x 1
<b>5</b>	chicken sandwich		100 x 1
<b>6</b>	chicken sandwich (with cheese)		120 x 1
<b>7</b>	cola (no ice)		65 x 1
<b>8</b>	orange juice (no ice)		90 x 1
<b>9</b>	grape juice		95 x 1
<b>10</b>			
<b>Total Price: \$1,540</b>			
Thank You & Hope to See You Soon!!			
Tel: XXX-XXXX			

**Howell's Bowl**

**Open Hours:**  
 11:30 am - 11:30 pm  
 Tues. to Sun.

**Joy Time: 20% off**  
 2:00 - 4:00 pm  
 9:30 - 11:30 pm

poster 海報

題目翻譯：

上星期六，Ginny 和她的朋友們在 Howell's Bowl 裡吃午餐。這裡是他們的點菜單和餐廳的海報。

Howell's Bowl		Howell's Bowl
2 號桌 3 個人 Fred 負責點單 12:30 12/23		營業時間
1. 南瓜派 220 x 2		11:30 a.m. ~ 11:30 p.m.
2. 起司蛋糕 120 x 1		星期二到星期日
3. 奶昔 (巧克力) (大杯) 200 x 2		享樂時段：八折
4. 奶昔 (香蕉) 110 x 1		2:00 ~ 4:00 pm
5. 雞肉三明治 100 x 1		9:30 ~ 11:30pm
6. 雞肉三明治 (加起司) 120 x 1		
7. 可樂 (去冰) 65 x 1		
8. 柳橙汁(去冰) 90 x 1		
9. 葡萄汁 95 x 1		
10.		
	總價 1,540 元	
謝謝，歡迎再次光臨		
電話: XXX-XXXX		

19. On the order list, Ginny ordered a sandwich with cheese, a fruit milk shake, and a fruit drink without ice. How much did she have to pay for her food?

- (A) \$300.
- (B) \$320.
- (C) \$385.
- (D) \$410.

答案：(B)

翻譯：在點菜單上，Ginny 點了一個加起司的三明治，一個水果奶昔和去冰的水果飲料。她的食物必須付多少錢？

解析：起司三明治 (120 元) + 水果(香蕉)奶昔 (110 元) + 去冰的水果(柳丁)飲料 (90 元) = 320 元，因此答案選(B)。

20. Ginny wants to go to Howell's Bowl again during Joy Time. When will she possibly go there?

- (A) 11:00 a.m. on Wednesday.
- (B) 2:30 p.m. on Monday.
- (C) 8:00 p.m. on Friday.
- (D) 10:00 p.m. on Thursday.

答案：(D)

翻譯：Ginny 想要在享樂時段再去一次 Howell's Bowl。她可能會在什麼時候去那裡？

解析：星期一沒有營業。享樂時段是在下午兩點到四點和晚上九點半到十一點半，只有(D)選項在此時段內。因此答案選(D)。

(21-23)

Below is how four students answered their teacher's question in class.

Lily: I like shopping and talking to people. I think I can learn how to do business. Maybe selling clothes is a good business for me.

Ryan: My hobbies are playing computer games and making friends online. We often share our funny stories by e-mail. I guess I will learn more about computers and make super-smart computer programs.

Bill: My parents have kept lots of pets since I was little. We've experienced many things together, good and bad, happy and sad. Those stories have always stayed in my mind. One day, I will share them with people by drawing and writing books.

Anna: Though my mom and two sisters are all doctors, I'm sure I will stay as far away from a hospital as I can. I hate being sick, and I'm afraid of seeing sick people looking weak and sad. I'll keep strong by playing my favorite sport, tennis, every day. One day I'll join the national team and be another Lu Yen-Hsun.

題目翻譯：

以下是四個學生在課堂上回答老師問題的答案：

Lily：我喜歡逛街，並且與人對話。我覺得我可以學會如何做生意。也許賣衣服對我來說是一個很好的選擇。

Ryan：我的興趣是玩電腦遊戲和網路交友。我們經常用電子郵件來分享我們有趣的故事。我猜我會學習到更多關於電腦的事，和製作超級聰明的電腦程式。

Bill：我的父母親從我很小的時候就養了很多寵物。我們一起經歷了很多事情，不論是好的或壞的，快樂的或傷心的。那些故事一直長留在我心裡。有一天我會藉著繪畫與寫作把它們分享出去。

Anna：雖然我的媽媽和兩個姊姊都是醫生，但是我確定我會盡可能地遠離醫院。我討厭生病，而且我很害怕看到病人虛弱或難過的樣子。我會一直做我最喜歡的運動—網球來強健體魄。總有一天我會參加國家代表隊，並成為另外一個盧彥勳。

21. What question did the teacher most likely ask in class?

- (A) "What do you want to do in the future?"  
 (B) "What's your plan for the coming vacation?"  
 (C) "What do you like to talk about with your friends?"  
 (D) "What's your favorite thing to do with your family?"

 likely 可能

答案：(A)

翻譯：老師最可能在課堂上問什麼問題？

解析：從文中提到 Lily 未來想做生意，Ryan 未來想寫程式，Bill 未來想當作家，Anna 未來想成為網球選手。這都跟他們未來職業有關。因此答案選(A) What do you want to do in the future?；你未來想做什麼？

22. What do we know from the reading?

- (A) Lily is good at making clothes.  
 (B) One of Bill's parents is an animal doctor.  
 (C) Ryan enjoys meeting people on the Internet.  
 (D) Anna was once very sick and stayed in the hospital for a long time.

答案：(C)



翻譯：我們從這篇文章當中可以知道什麼？

解析：從 Ryan 的陳述當中，可以知道 Ryan 喜歡網路交友。因此答案選(C) Ryan enjoys meeting people on the Internet Ryan；喜歡在網路上跟人接觸。

23. What does them mean?

- (A) Pets.
- (B) Books.
- (C) Stories.
- (D) Parents.

答案：(C)

翻譯：文章中的 them 是什麼意思？

解析：Bill 前面有提到他跟父母親一起養寵物的故事長留在他心中。他未來想要用繪畫與寫作的模式分享故事。因此答案選(C) stories；故事。

(24-25)

Here is the preface of Nick Foster's new book *Married to Food*.

**Preface**

My mother was lousy at cooking. To her, cooking was more like an exciting experiment. You put some of this and some of that in a pot, and you wait and see what will happen. "No experiments, no experiences." is what she would say when her experiment did not turn out good, and I heard that a lot.

My father was a good cook, and he loved to cook, too. He often said that he got my mother to marry him with a table of delicious food, not with a beautiful ring. "A family needs only one good cook," he said.

Now I am a cook myself. And I have my own restaurant. I learned how to cook from my father, of course. From him, I learned the art of cooking. But I did learn one thing from my mother. It's her famous saying: "No experiments, no experiences."

iv

preface 前言 experiment 實驗

題目翻譯：

這是 Nick Foster 新書—與食物結婚 的前言

前言

我媽媽不擅長做飯。對她來說，做菜比較像是一個令人興奮的實驗。你把這些和那些東西放到鍋子裡，然後等著看會發生什麼事。當她的實驗最後結果不好的時候，她會說：「沒有經過實驗，就不會有經驗」。我聽了很多次。

我的爸爸是一個厲害的廚師，而且他也很愛做菜。他是用一桌好菜才讓我媽媽嫁給他的，而不是用一枚美麗的戒指。他說：「一個家庭裡只要有一個人會做菜就可以了。」

現在我自己就是個廚師，我擁有自己的餐廳。當然我是跟我爸爸學做菜的。從他那裡，我學到了做菜的藝術。但是我從我媽媽那兒還是學到了一件事，就是她的名言：「沒有經過實驗，就不會有經驗。」

24. What does it mean when someone is lousy at something?

- (A) They are famous for it.
- (B) They cannot do it well.
- (C) They think it is important.
- (D) They are not interested in it.

答案：(B)

翻譯：當我們形容某個人 lousy at 某件事的意思是什麼？

解析：第一段的後面有提到作者媽媽的實驗最後失敗都會說「沒有經過，實驗就不會有經驗。」然後又說作者常常聽到這句話。意思是他媽媽經常實驗失敗。所以代表他媽媽不擅長廚藝。因此本題要選(B) They cannot do it well.；他們做得不好。

25. What can we learn from the preface?

- (A) How Foster started his own restaurant.
- (B) When Foster's father married Foster's mother.
- (C) What Foster's mother taught him about cooking.
- (D) How Foster learned the art of cooking from his father.












答案：(C)

翻譯：我們從這個前言可以得知什麼？

解析：文章中兩次提到作者媽媽跟他說的那句：「沒有經過實驗，就不會有經驗。」因此答案選(C) What Foster's mother taught him about cooking.；Foster 的媽媽教導他做菜的話。

(26-27)

Here are the rules for a game called “Trip to Dreamland.”

- Each player begins at **START**.
- In each turn, first take one of the four cards     to decide how many spaces to move:  for one space,  for two spaces,  for three spaces, and  for four spaces. Then follow the words next to the , if there is a  at the place you arrive at.
- The first one who gets to Dreamland wins the game.  turn 回合 space 步、格















題目翻譯：

這裡有一些關於「幻想世界的旅行」的遊戲規則：

- 每個玩家從起點開始。
- 每一輪，每個玩家從四張卡片中抽一張來決定要走幾步。月亮→一步。雪花→兩步。太陽→三步。水滴→四步。接下來如果你到的那個圖表有手指圖案，跟著圖表上手指圖案的字面指示做。
- 第一個到達幻想世界的人就贏了。

起點→魔術水果-移動去糖果屋→深山-回起點→糖果屋→金熊-移動去明亮教堂→明亮教堂→獅子王-往回三步→看門狗-停止並且休息兩回合→幻想世界

26. Below are the cards which four kids have taken since they began the game. Who has won the game?

- (A) Anna:  →  → .
- (B) Kate:  →  → .
- (C) Billy:  →  → .
- (D) Ivan:  →  → .

答案：(C)

翻譯：以下為四個小孩分別拿到的卡片，請問誰贏了這場遊戲？

解析：依照遊戲規則，Billy 第一回合會先到糖果屋，第二回合會到達明亮教堂，最後一回合到達終點。故選(C)。

27. What can we learn about the game?

- (A) One can never begin his turn from Lion King.
- (B) The cards can be used to decide who goes first.
- (C) One can never get to Light Church at the first turn.
- (D) The cards can be used to decide where to start the game.

答案：(A)

翻譯：我們可從這個遊戲得知什麼？

解析：因為每個人到達獅子王的時候都要往回三步，所以不可能有人從獅子王開啟這回合。故選(A)。

(28-31)

The idea may hit you once or twice a year. You come home on a hot summer day, hoping to have a cool bath, and find out there is no water. Then you see how important water is in your everyday life. However, in many parts of the world, water is not just about one's everyday needs.

In countries like Tanzania, water is hard to get, and the job of collecting water falls on women's shoulders. Girls are often kept home from school to collect water while their brothers stay at school studying. Studies show Tanzanian girls who live 15 minutes from clean water spend 12% more time at school than those who live an hour away. More time spent collecting water means less time for learning. For these girls, "Knowledge is power" is not just words; it is a sad fact in real life. With less time spent at school, their chances of getting well-paid jobs are small, and they often have no voice in important matters, like who to marry. These girls are often married into poor families. They have little money or knowledge to take care of their children, who often end up dying young. For the baby girls who are lucky enough to live, their life may still center around "water," just like it did for their mothers.

題目翻譯：

這個想法可能一年內你會想到一至兩次，你在一個炎熱的夏日回家，希望洗個冷水澡，但卻發現沒有水。於是你會發現在日常生活中水有多重要。然而，在世界的很多地區，水不只是每個人的日常所需而已。

像是在坦薩尼亞，水很難取得，取水的工作落在女性的肩膀上。女孩們常常得從學校回家取水，然而她們的兄弟們還待在學校上課。研究顯示，在坦薩尼亞，住在離水源 15 分鐘遠的女孩，比住在離水源一小時遠的女孩可多出 12% 的時間在學校。花越多的時間在取水上，意謂著少了學習的時間。對於這些女孩來說，「知識就是力量」，不只是文字，而是真實人生中的一個悲慘事實。隨著在學校的時間越少，她們能得到好工作的機會就越小。而且她們也常常對於重要事件沒有發言權，例如要嫁給誰。這些女孩常常被嫁入窮人家，她們幾乎沒有錢和知識去照顧她們的小孩，導致小孩早夭。幸運能活下來的女嬰，她們的生活依然圍繞著「水」為中心，如同她們母親以前的生活一樣。

28. What does The idea mean in the reading?

- (A) Water is important in one's everyday life.
- (B) Water is not just about one's everyday needs.
- (C) It is nice to have a cool bath on a hot summer day.
- (D) We should not take a bath when there is little water.

答案：(A)

翻譯：本篇的文章中的 The idea 是什麼意思？

解析：根據第一段第二行後面可得知，水在大家生命中都很重要。故選(A)。

29. What is the reading mostly about?
- (A) Why it is important to save water.
  - (B) How water may give a country power.
  - (C) How water may play a part in one's future.
  - (D) Why it is hard to get water in poor countries.

答案：(C)

翻譯：這篇文章比較可能是在說什麼？

解析：文章中提到，男女不平等，女生要負責取水，而男生可以去上學。所以水對於他們的未來有很大不同的影響。故選(C)。

30. What do we know from the reading?
- (A) Children in poor countries die from drinking dirty water every day.
  - (B) Girls who spend little time at school have a harder life when they grow up.
  - (C) Girls in countries like Tanzania are often paid less for the same job than the boys are.
  - (D) Children from poor families are often kept from school to take care of younger children.

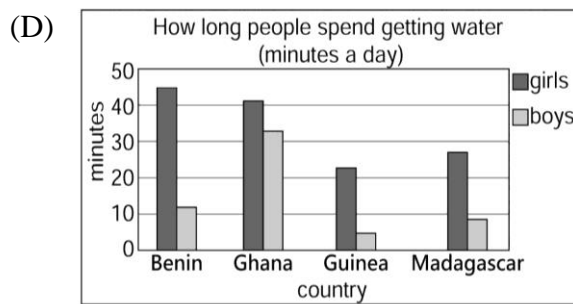
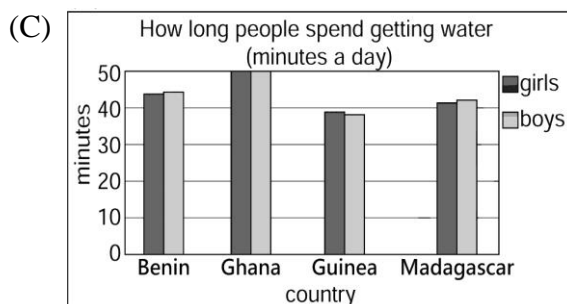
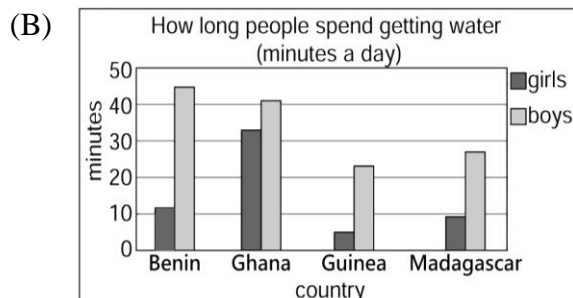
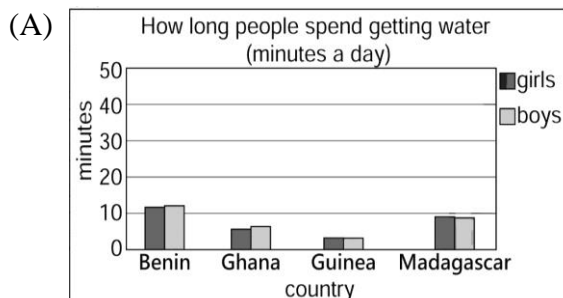
答案：(B)

翻譯：我們從文章中可得知什麼訊息？

解析：因為女孩要去取水，不能進學校讀書，長大以後找不到較好的工作，也比較沒有地位，沒有發言權，故答案選(B)。

31. Families in the countries of Benin, Ghana, Guinea and Madagascar deal with the job of water-collecting the same way Tanzanian families do. From the reading, which chart best shows the fact?

chart 圖表



答案：(D)

翻譯：在貝南、迦納、幾內亞和馬達加斯加的家庭，同樣面臨與坦薩尼亞相同的取水困境。從文章中，哪個圖表最能表現事實？

解析：依照文章內容可得知，取水的工作都落在女孩的身上，圖表中取水所花費的時間應為女生多於男生。故選(D)。

(32-34)

(At Liz's birthday party)

Amber: Don't tell me you didn't go to Garden House.

Keith: Why would I go there?

Amber: For Liz's birthday cake! I left you a voice message this morning!

Keith: But you said Matt would go to the bakery! And why did you come here without me? I was waiting outside your apartment for an hour!

Amber: No! I said I'd have lunch with Matt, and we'd come straight here from the restaurant. So I asked you to help get the cake after work.

Keith: No, you did not! And why didn't you answer my calls?

Amber: My cellphone is dead! I said in the message that you could call Matt's number if you wanted to find me. Now please tell me you did bring the gift we got for Liz.

Keith: What gift? I'm sure you didn't say anything about a gift in the message.

Amber: I told you that yesterday!



題目翻譯：

(在 Liz 的生日派對上)

Amber：別跟我說你沒去 Garden House。

Keith：我為什麼要去？

Amber：為了 Liz 的生日蛋糕！我今早留了個語音留言給你！

Keith：但妳說 Matt 會去蛋糕店啊！而且妳為何沒跟我一起過來？我在妳的公寓外等了一個小時！

Amber：不，我說我會跟 Matt 共進午餐，然後我們會從餐廳直接過來這。所以我請你在工作結束後去幫忙拿蛋糕。

Keith：不，妳才沒有！而且妳為何沒接我的電話？

Amber：我的手機壞了！我在留言中說，如果你想要找我，你可以打 Matt 的電話。現在，拜託你告訴我你有帶我們要給 Liz 的禮物。

Keith：什麼禮物？我確定妳沒在留言中提到任何有關禮物的事情。

Amber：我昨天就跟你說了！

32. What is Garden House?

- (A) A bakery.
- (B) A gift shop.
- (C) A flower shop.
- (D) An apartment.

答案：(A)

翻譯：Garden House 是什麼？

解析：依照第四行 Amber 要 Keith 去拿蛋糕，故可推答案為麵包店。

33. What can we learn about Keith?

- (A) He forgot to meet Amber and Matt for lunch.
- (B) He did not know how to get to Amber's apartment.
- (C) He called Amber without knowing her phone was not working.
- (D) He did not know Amber left him a voice message this morning.


答案：(C)

翻譯：我們可從 Keith 那得知什麼？

解析：從文章第八行後面開始到第九行 "My phone is dead." 可得知 Amber 的電話壞了。

34. Which sentence was most likely part of the message that Amber left Keith this morning?

- (A) "Matt and I will go to the party after lunch."  
 (B) "Don't forget to buy a birthday gift for Liz."  
 (C) "You can go straight to the party from your office."  
 (D) "I need to talk to you about the party this weekend."


 likely 可能

答案：(A)

翻譯：下列哪個選項最有可能是 Amber 給 Keith 的留言？

解析：根據文章第七行 Amber 說她和 Matt 吃完午餐後會直接過去，故答案(A)最為適合。

(35-36)



Froggie was a frog who never remembered where he had been. His biggest dream was to find the best pond to swim freely without worrying about water snakes. One day, Froggie hopped to a kitchen and jumped into a pot full of hot water. Froggie felt the burning heat and hurried out of the water as fast as his legs could carry him. "I almost died there!" Froggie thought.

A few days later, Froggie went back to the same kitchen, totally forgetting he had been there. He again hopped into the same pot. This time, the water inside was cool. He looked around and thought, "There's no water snake trying to eat me and I can have this place all to myself!" At that moment, Froggie knew it was his dream pond. What he didn't know was that the water was warming up over a low heat.

After thirty minutes of swimming, Froggie felt the water was warmer but he thought of this as a nice surprise. "This sure is the best place for swimming. I get to have a hot bath, too." During his comfortable bath, the water kept getting warmer and warmer. Froggie was so comfortable that he fell asleep. And he never woke up.

題目翻譯：

Froggie 是隻從來不記得他到過哪裡的青蛙。他最大的夢想是找到最好的池塘，可以讓他自由自在地游泳，而且不用擔心有水蛇。有一天，Froggie 跳到一個廚房，然後跳進一鍋熱水當中。Froggie 覺得很燙，馬上用他最快的速度跳離水中。「我差點就死在那了！」Froggie 想著。

幾天後，Froggie 回到同樣的廚房裡，完全忘記他來過這裡。他再次跳入了相同的鍋中。這次，在鍋裡的水是冷的。他看了看四周，想著：「這裡沒有會吃我的水蛇，我可以獨享這個地方呢！」就在此時，Froggie 知道了這就是他的夢想之地。但他有所不知的是，這鍋水，正用著小火慢慢地加熱當中。

游了三十分鐘後，Froggie 感覺到水變溫暖了，但他把這當成是個驚喜。「這果然是最好的游泳地點，我還可以洗個熱水澡呢。」在他享受熱水澡的過程中，水溫持續的變暖變熱。而 Froggie 因為太過舒服而睡著了，結果，他就再也沒醒來過了。

35. What lesson can we learn from Froggie's story?

- (A) Life is too short; one should live it to the fullest.
- (B) Those who use their time well will win in the end.
- (C) People are blind to problems that slowly get worse over time.
- (D) It is difficult to give up old habits, but easy to pick up new ones.

答案：(C)

翻譯：我們可從 Froggie 的故事中學到什麼？

解析：剛開始青蛙遇到熱水的時候，非常警覺地跳出來，然而後來遇到溫水的時候，卻喪失了警覺性，悠哉的洗澡。故可得知選項(C)是最好的答案。

36. What do we know about Froggie?

- (A) He learned to share what he liked with others.
- (B) He thought what he had hoped for became real.
- (C) He once almost lost a dear friend to a water snake.
- (D) He wanted to go back to the same pot for a hot bath.

答案：(B)

翻譯：我們可得知 Froggie 什麼訊息？

解析：根據文章第三段第二行後面，Froggie 覺得這裡就是他夢寐以求的池塘了，故答案選(B)。



(37-40)

## The Metro Times

Oct. 1, 2020

These years churches are in a calamitous state. To start with, the number of church-goers is dropping sharply (see Figure 1). Many say they do not belong to any church, and those who do go less often than they used to. Going to church appears less and less on people's to-do list. Another worrying fact is that fewer and fewer young people go to church, which leads to an older church (see Figure 2).

And there is also the problem with money. Keeping a church door open is not cheap. Fewer people going to church means little money coming in. This makes it harder to keep a church open.

When the time comes for a church to close, there is little to do but to sell it. Churches that were lucky enough to find a buyer were put to other uses. Some were changed into restaurants or school gyms, and some even became nightclubs, for example. Churches that had little luck were knocked down in the end.

Just like a store that keeps losing business needs to think of ways to save itself, it is perhaps time for the church to try to win people's hearts back and play an important part in people's lives again. This is not something that one can simply pray to get an answer to.

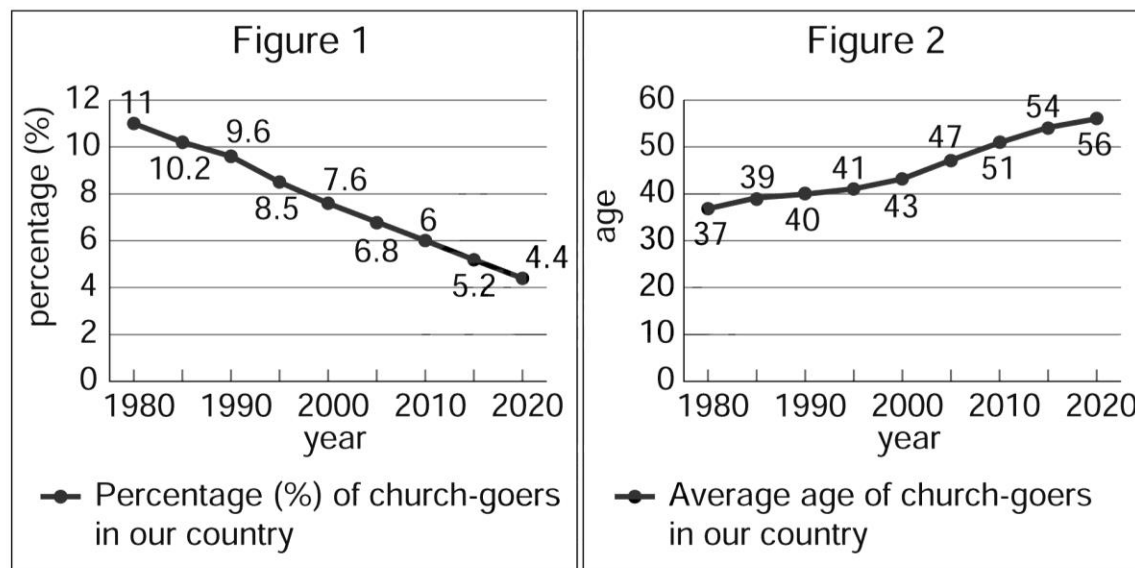


figure 圖 average 平均

題目翻譯：

都會時報

2020年10月1日

這些年來，教堂處於一種悲慘的狀態。首先，去教堂的人數劇烈的遞減（見圖表一），許多人說他們沒有所屬的教堂，而那些會去教堂的人，則是降低了去的次數。去教堂這件事情越來越少出現在人們的待辦事項裡，另一個令人擔憂的事實是，越來越少年輕人去教堂了，導致教堂的高齡化現象（見圖表二）。

以及，還有個跟錢有關的問題，維持教堂敞開的大門並不便宜，越少人去教堂便代表教堂收入也變少，使得教堂要維持運作是更加困難的事情。

當教堂面臨關閉的問題時，除了賣掉它之外，沒有太多其他方法，夠幸運的教堂都能找到買主，並將教堂用於其他地方，例如，有些變成了餐廳或是學校體育館，甚至有些變成了夜店。有些沒那麼幸運的教堂則是被拆除。

就像流失客源的商店般，教堂也需要想其他方法去解決這個問題，讓教堂重新贏得人心，並在人們的生活中再次變得重要，這並不是單靠祈禱就能解決的。

37. What does it mean when someone is in a calamitous state?

- (A) They have serious trouble.
- (B) They try to change themselves.
- (C) They are looking for a second chance.
- (D) They lost interest in the outside world.

答案：(A)

翻譯：什麼情況下，會形容某人 in a calamitous state?

解析：整篇文章在描述上教堂的人數減少，教堂收入銳減，有些面臨轉賣以及倒閉的危機。故選(A)最為合適。

38. What can we learn about the church-goers from the report?

- (A) Between 1980 and 2005, few church-goers were younger than 50.
- (B) In 2010, only 6% of church-goers were younger than 50 years old.
- (C) In 2020, the percentage (%) of church-goers drops to lower than half that in 1980.
- (D) Between 1980 and 2020, the rising number of old church-goers has led to an old church.

答案：(C)

翻譯：我們可從報導中得知去教堂者的什麼訊息？

解析：根據圖表一，在2020年上教堂的人數為4.4%，而1980年代上教堂的人數為11%。人數整整少了一半的百分比，故選(C)。

39. What is talked about in the report?

- (A) Where the church's money goes.
- (B) How people decide to join a church.
- (C) What happens to churches that are closed.
- (D) Why people have stopped going to church.

答案：(C)

翻譯：這篇報導裡有提及什麼事情？

解析：在文章的第二段有提到，一些幸運的教堂會被轉賣成作為其他用途，而沒那麼幸運的教堂就會倒閉關門大吉。故答案選(C)最為合適。

40. Below are four findings from other reports. Which does NOT agree with the idea of the report?

- (A) "Reports show over 90% of church-goers go to church because their fathers do. In the last 20 years, 49% of men under 30 have left the church. That means there's a 90% chance that their children won't go to church. This is hard for the church to take in."
- (B) "Between 2003 and 2010, over 1,000 new churches were built in the country. This may sound like good news. During the same years, however, more than 2,000 were closed."

(C) “In the report, 33% of the people that were interviewed say they never go to church and another 33% say they used to. Only 15% go to church at least once a month.”

(D) “Of the 15 countries in the report, the percentage (%) of church-goers in some countries, like Denmark, is lower than 10%; in others, like Poland, the percentage is higher than 70%.”

答案：(D)

翻譯：以下有四種來自其他報導的分析，何者未與本篇報導相符？

解析：(D)選項中波蘭上教堂的人數比高於70%，與文章中圖表一明顯不符合，故(D)為未相符的答案。

# 翰林104會考破題

## 獨家升級影片詳解

翰林104會考服務再升級！爲了方便老師與同學即時破解會考，翰林雲端學院將在第一時間**5/18**開始免費提供完整解析+影片詳解。

上線日期	5/18 (中午)	5/18 (中午)	5/19 (中午)	5/19 (中午)	5/19 (中午)
上線日期	英文	數學	國文	自然	社會

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小美操作酸鹼中和滴定實驗，裝置如圖所示，滴定管中裝有 0.5 M 的氫氧化鈉 (NaOH) 溶液，準備滴定兩種不同的酸性溶液，分別為濃度 0.5 M 的鹽酸 (HCl) 10 mL 與濃度 0.5 M 的硫酸 (H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) 10 mL，若要達鹼鹼中和，何者所需要的氫氧化鈉溶液量比較多？

$M_1 \times V_1 = M_2 \times V_2$

A) 滴定鹽酸量比較多  
B) 滴定硫酸量比較多  
C) 一樣多，因為鹽酸和硫酸濃度相同  
D) 一樣多，因為鹽酸和硫酸 pH 值相同

鎖定  
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